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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/010,775	12/06/2001	Everett F. Simons	PARI/0015/US	2736
7590 04/09/2004			EXAMINER	
MIRICK O'CONNELL			ORTIZ, ANGELA Y	
1700 WEST PARK DRIVE WESTBOROUGH, MA 01581-3941			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1732	

DATE MAILED: 04/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		mr				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/010,775	SIMONS, EVERETT F.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Angela Ortiz	1732				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) dayon will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDON to the course the application to become the course t	imely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 Ja</u>	anuary <u>2004</u> .					
*						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 8-10 and 13 is/are pending in the app)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-10 and 13</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-10 and 13</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>8-10 and 13</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 December 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		tion No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior						
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	red.				
Attachment(s)	_					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal	Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jin et al., USP 5,618,189.

The cited reference teaches as conventional the forming of a high-aspect-ratio solder medium for circuit interconnection, including the steps of using magnetic field alignment in combination with solder particle fusion. A magnetic field is used to create a laterally-spaced vertical chain of magnetic particles in a viscous matrix material. The magnetic spheres are coated with solder prior to being mixed into the matrix material, and the composite material is cured. The cured medium is then heated to fuse the spheres in the aligned configuration. See col. 5, lines 5-55.

The use of a low melting point alloy is deemed inherent within the reference as the art teaches the use of solder, which melts at low temperatures.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 8-10 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jin et al., USP 5,045,249 (of record) in view of Jin et al., USP 5,618,189.

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The cited primary reference substantially teaches the basic claimed process of forming a composite medium useful in electrical interconnection applications, wherein a plurality of magnetic particles are provided and aligned within a nonconductive medium. The detailed process steps include providing magnetic particles, which may be coated with a metal alloy, within a nonconductive elastomer material. A magnetic field is applied to the mixture to align the particles therein in the form of columns. The material mixture is heated and cured at a temperature range that includes 100 degrees C to fix the conductive pathways therein. See col. 2, line 7 to col. 3, line 25.

The cited reference does not set forth the specific, positively set forth step of heating to fuse a low melting point alloy as claimed.

The added reference teaches as conventional the forming of a high-aspect-ratio solder medium for circuit interconnection, including the steps of using magnetic field alignment in combination with solder particle fusion. A magnetic field is used to create a laterally-spaced vertical chain of magnetic particles in a viscous matrix material. The magnetic spheres are coated with solder prior to being mixed into the matrix material, and the composite material is cured. The cured medium is then heated to fuse the spheres in the aligned configuration. See col. 5, lines 5-55.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to fuse the coating as claimed in view of the added reference, when performing the process set forth in the primary reference, to form the desired columns as set forth and depicted in the applied references.

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With respect to claims 9-10, note that the components set forth in the applied reference are supplied with contact pads and metal coating to form electrical pathways through the medium. See col. 1, lines 45-55; col. 2, lines 1-15; col. 3, lines 8-10.

With respect to claim 13, note that the primary reference cures at 100 degrees C, and the secondary reference teaches the use of solder with a melting temperature range of 100 to 250 degrees C. It would have been obvious to fuse at temperatures less 140 degrees C as such a range is within the melting temperature range of the material used and the oven curing temperature used.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 8-10, 13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Note that the arguments regarding the melting temperature of gold and silver are unpersuasive because the parameters of the materials used are not disclosed; note also that alloys used will normally have a lower melting point than pure metals, and with alloys, the percentage of the metal will affect the melting temperature of the resulting component. The newly applied art teaches the conventionality of the argued step of fusing.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. USP's 5324603; 5522962; 5975922; 6290868.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela Ortiz whose telephone number is 571-272-1206. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 9:00-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni can be reached on 571-272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Angela Ortiz
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1732